

## Safety Data Sheet

### RASCO FPD VARIO PRIMER

Safety Data Sheet dated: 09/03/2022 - version 2

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: RASCO FPD VARIO PRIMER

Trade code: 9050736

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Primer

Uses advised against: Not available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Rasco Bitumentchnik GmbH, Otto-von-Guericke-Ring 11, D-65205 Wiesbaden, Germany

phone: +49-05237 608 0 - fax: +49-05237 608 210 (office hours)

Responsible: rasco@bitumenttechnik.de

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Poison emergency call Berlin +4930 30686700 (Advice in German and English)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

0 The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

#### Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H - isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

Other Hazards: No other hazards

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not Relevant

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: RASCO FPD VARIO PRIMER

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Concentration (% w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
$\geq 0.025 - < 0.05\%$	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	

Specific Concentration Limits:  
C ≥ 0,05%: Skin Sens. 1 H317

<0.0015 %      reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)      CAS:55965-84-9 EC:611-341-5 Index:613-167-00-5      Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Eye Dam. 1, H318, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100

Specific Concentration Limits:  
C ≥ 0,6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314  
0,06% ≤ C < 0,6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315  
C ≥ 0,6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318  
0,06% ≤ C < 0,6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319  
C ≥ 0,0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not available

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:

Not available

(see paragraph 4.1)

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

### **7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **8.1. Control parameters**

No data available

### **8.2. Exposure controls**

Eye protection:

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness  $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness  $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Hygienic and Technical measures

Not available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Not available

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### **9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance: liquid

Color: Not available

Odour: Not available

Melting point / freezing point: Not available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not available

Flammability: Not available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not available

Flash point: Not available

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available

Decomposition temperature: Not available

pH: 10.70

Viscosity: Not available

Kinematic viscosity: Not available

Solubility in water: Not available

Solubility in oil: Not available

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available

Vapour pressure: Not available

Relative density: Not available

Vapour density: Not available

**Particle characteristics:**

Particle size: Not available

**9.2. Other information**

Miscibility: Not available

Conductivity: Not available

No other relevant information

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

Stable under normal conditions

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

None in particular.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

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**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Toxicological information of the mixture:**

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat = 1020 mg/kg

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) a) acute toxicity LC50 Inhalation Rat = 2,36000 mg/l 4h

LD50 Skin Rabbit = 660,00000 mg/kg

LD50 Oral Rat = 53,00000 mg/kg

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  
>= 0.1%

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 2,15000 mg/L  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 0,04030 mg/L 72h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Algae = 0,11000 mg/L 72h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Algae = 0,04000 mg/L 72h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 3,27000 mg/L 48h NOEC Daphnia = 1,20000 mg/L 21d
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - EINECS: 611-341-5 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 0,12 mg/L 48  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 0,22 mg/L 96 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 0,048 mg/L 72 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 0,0012 mg/L 72 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = 0,098 mg/L - 28 d b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 0,004 mg/L - 21 d

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  
>= 0.1%

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Not available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

A waste code (EWC) according to European List of Waste (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact and

send to an authorized waste disposal service.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Clean waste packaging should be recycled when possible and authorized by the authority.

Hazardous waste: No

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

Not Applicable

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not Applicable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not Applicable

### 14.4. Packing group

Not Applicable

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not Applicable

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not Applicable

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

Not Applicable

Air (IATA) :

Not Applicable

Sea (IMDG) :

Not Applicable

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

Bitumen based product. When transported at elevated temperature, the product must be considered dangerous for all modes of transport.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Not available

**Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:**

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 28, 72, 75

**SVHC Substances:**

No data available

**German Water Hazard Class (WGK)**

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**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

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**SECTION 16: Other information**

If appropriate, specific provisions in relation to possible training for workers are mentioned in section 2. Any training related to safety in the workplace must in any case refer to a risk assessment that must be carried out by a company safety officer taking into account the specific operating and environmental conditions in which the products are used.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
N.A.: Not Applicable  
N/A: Not Applicable  
N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
NA: Not available  
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.  
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PGK: Packaging Instruction  
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
PSG: Passengers  
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**\* Sheet model entirely changed in compliance to regulatory update.**