Rasco Bitumentechnik GmbH

Safety Data Sheet dated: 09/03/2022 - version 4

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: RASCO 2K FPD VARIO KOMP. B Trade code: 9050639 UFI: PX20-D07P-F00S-AJKS

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Two-component bituminous coating

Uses advised against: Not available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Rasco Bitumentechnik GmbH, Otto-von-Guericke-Ring 11, D-65205 Wiesbaden, Germany phone: +49-05237 608 0 - fax: +49-05237 608 210 (office hours) Responsible: rasco@bitumentechnik.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Poison emergency call Berlin +4930 30686700 (Advice in German and English)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Sens. 1 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Pictograms and Signal Words



Hazard statements:

H317

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Special Provisions:

EUH208	Contains formaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H - isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2benzisothiazolin-3-one

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances

Other Hazards: No other hazards

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not Relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: RASCO 2K FPD VARIO KOMP. B

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Concentration (% w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088- 00-6	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
			Specific Concentration Limits: $C \ge 0,05\%$: Skin Sens. 1 H317	
≥0.025 - <0.05 %	ethylene glycol	CAS:107-21-1 EC:203-473-3 Index:603-027- 00-1	Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT RE 2, H373	01-2119456816-28-xxxx
≥0.025 - <0.05 %	formaldehyde	CAS:50-00-0 EC:200-001-8 Index:605-001- 00-5	Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350	
			Specific Concentration Limits: $0,2\% \le C < 100\%$: Skin Sens. 1 H317 $5\% \le C < 25\%$: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 $5\% \le C < 25\%$: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 $5\% \le C < 100\%$: STOT SE 3 H335 $25\% \le C < 100\%$: Skin Corr. 1B H314	
≥0.005 - <0.01 %	Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	CAS:3811-73-2 EC:223-296-5	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:10, M- Acute:100	
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500- 7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	EC:611-341-5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Eye Dam. 1, H318, M-Chronic:100, M- Acute:100	
			Specific Concentration Limits: $C \ge 0,6\%$: Skin Corr. 1C H314 $0,06\% \le C < 0,6\%$: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 $C \ge 0,6\%$: Eye Dam. 1 H318 $0,06\% \le C < 0,6\%$: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 $C \ge 0,0015\%$: Skin Sens. 1A H317	
< 0,00015 %	free crystalline silica (Ø <10 μ)	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment. Remove persons to safety.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. Control parameters

List of components with OEL value

Component OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
ethylene glycol Nation	al SWEDEN		25	10	50	20		SWEDEN, Short-term value, 15 minutes average value
Nation	al FINLAND		50	20	100	40		FINLAND, hud
Nation	al NORWAY		52	20	104	40		NORWAY, H5
Nation	al SWEDEN		25	10	50	20		SWEDEN, Short-term value, 15 minutes average value
EU	None		52	20	104	40		Skin
Nation	al NORWAY		10	10	20	20		
ACGIH	None	С			100			(H), A4 - URT and eye irr
Nation	al NORWAY		26		52			
DFG	GERMANY	С			52	20		
ACGIH				25	10	50		A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;upper respiratory tract irritation
Nation	al SWEDEN		25	10				
Nation	al FRANCE		52	20	104	40		
Nation	al SPAIN		52	20	104	40		
Nation	al GREECE		125	50	125	50		
Nation	al DENMARK		26	10				
Nation	al DENMARK		10	10				
Nation	al FINLAND		50	20	100	40		
Nation	al PORTUGAL		52	20	104	40		
Nation	al NORWAY		52	20	104	40		
NDS	POLAND		15					
NDSCh	POLAND				50			
Nation	al PORTUGAL	С			100			
CHE	SWITZERLAND				52	20		
NDS	NETHERLANDS		52		104			
NDS	NETHERLANDS		10		104			
Nation	al GERMANY		26	10				
Nation	al CZECH REPUBLIC		50					
Nation	al HUNGARY		52		104			
Nation	al SLOVAKIA		52	20				
Nation	al SLOVENIA		52	20	104	40		
Nation	al UNITED KINGDOM		10	20	104	40		
Nation	al UNITED KINGDOM		10	20	30	40		
Malays a OEL	i MALAYSIA	С			100	39,4		
Nation	al ESTONIA		52	20	104	40		
Nation	al LATVIA		52	20	104	40		
Nation	al CZECH REPUBLIC	С			100			

	National	SLOVAKIA	С			104			
		CROATIA	C	52	20	104	40		
	EU			52	20	104	40	Indicative	Possibility of significant
	20			52	20	101	10	indicative	uptake through the skin
	National	UNITED KINGDOM		52	20	104	40		
	National	BULGARIA		52	20	104	40		
		ROMANIA		52	20	104	40		
		TURKEY		52	20	104	40		
		LITHUANIA		25	10	50	20		
formaldehyde	ACGIH	None	С				0,3		DSEN, RSEN, A2 - URT and eye irr
	DFG	GERMANY	С			0,74	0,6		
	ACGIH		-		0,1	-,	0,3		A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen;eye and upper respiratory tract irritation;upper respiratory tract cancer;dermal sensitizer; respiratory sensitizer
	National	SWEDEN		0,37	0,3				
	National			,	0,5		1		
	National	SPAIN		0,37	0,3	0,74	0,6		
	National			2,5	2	2,5	2		
		DENMARK	С	7 -		0,4	0,3		
		FINLAND	-	0,37	0,3	-,.	-,-		
		FINLAND	С	0,01	0,0	1,2	1		
		GERMANY	C	0,37	0,3	_/_	-		
		NORWAY		0,6	0,5				
		NORWAY	С	0,0	0,5	1,2	1		
		POLAND	C	0,37		1,2	1		
	NDSCh			0,57		0,74			
		SWITZERLAND				0,74	0,6		
		NETHERLANDS		0,15		0,74	0,0		
	National					0,5			
		REPUBLIC		0,5					
		HUNGARY		0,6		0,6			
	Malaysi a OEL	MALAYSIA	С			0,37	0,3		
	National	PORTUGAL	С				0,3		
	National	ESTONIA		0,6	0,5	1,2	1		
	National	LATVIA		0,5					
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC	С			1			
	National	SLOVAKIA	С			0,74			
	National	SLOVAKIA		0,37	0,3				
	National	SLOVENIA		0,62	0,5	0,62	0,5		
	National	UNITED KINGDOM		2,5	2	2,5	2		
	National	BULGARIA		1,0		2,0			
	National	ROMANIA		1,2	1	3	2		
	National	LITHUANIA		0,6	0,5				
	National	LITHUANIA	С			1,2	1		
	National	CROATIA		2,5	2	2,5	2		
	EU			0,37	0,3			Binding	

Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	DFG	GERMANY	С		0,4	
	National	DENMARK		1		
	National	GERMANY		0,2		
	CHE	SWITZERLAND)		2	
	National	SLOVENIA		1	2	
free crystalline silica (Ø <10 μ)	National	SWEDEN		0,100		SWEDEN, respirable aerosol
	National	NORWAY		0,100		K: Chemicals to be treated as carcinogenic.
	NDS	POLAND		2,000		frakcja wdychalna
	NDS	POLAND		0,300		frakcja respirabilna
	National	DENMARK		0,3	0,600	DENMARK, inhalable
						aerosol inhalable aerosol
	National	DENMARK		0,100	0,200	DENMARK, respirable aerosol
	ACGIH	None		0,025		(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	EU	None		0,025		A2 (R) - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	National	AUSTRIA		0,150		A*
	ACGIH			0,025		A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis
	National	SWEDEN		0,1		
	National	FRANCE		0,1		
	National	SPAIN		0,05		
	National	DENMARK		0,3		
	National	DENMARK		0,1		
	National	FINLAND		0,05		
	National	PORTUGAL		0,025		
	National	NORWAY		0,3	0,9	
	National	NORWAY		0,1	0,9	
	National	BELGIUM		0,1		
	NDS	POLAND		0,1		
	NDS	NETHERLANDS	5	0,075		
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC		0,1		
	National	HUNGARY		0,15		
	Malaysi a OEL	MALAYSIA		0,1		0.1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
	National	ESTONIA		0,1		
	National	SLOVAKIA		0,1	0,5	
	National	SLOVENIA		0,1		
	National	BULGARIA		0,07		
	National	ROMANIA		0,1		
	National	LITHUANIA		0,1		
	National	CROATIA		0,1		
	National	ITALY		0,100		
Predicted No Effect Cor	ncentrati	on (PNEC) va	lues			
Component	CAS-No	Limi	t	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency Remark	
ethylene glycol	107-21-		-	resh Water		
		1 mg	/1 1	larine water		

		1,53 mg/kg	y Soil		
		37 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
		10 mg/l	Intermittent	release	
		-	Microorganis sewage trea		
		3,7 mg/kg	Marine wate sediments	r	
formaldehyde	50-00-0	0,47 mg/l	Fresh Water		
		0,47 mg/l	Marine wate	r	
		4,7 mg/l	Intermittent	release	
		0,19 mg/l	Microorganis sewage trea		
		2,44 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
		2,44 mg/kg) Marine wate sediments	r	
		0,21 mg/kg	y Soil		
Derived No Effect Leve					
Component	CAS-No.	Industr Pr	ofess mer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency Remark
ethylene glycol	107-21-1	y ioi 106 mg/kg	n al 53 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
			53 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
		35 mg/m3	7 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
formaldehyde	50-00-0	1 mg/m3		Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects
		240 mg/kg	102 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
		9 mg/m3	3,2 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
		0,037 mg/cm2	0,012 mg/cm	Human Dermal	Long Term, local effects
		0,5 mg/m3	0,1 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

. mg/kg effects

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Neoprene gloves are suggested (0,5 mm) not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to appropriate EN standards,

like EN 136, 140, 143, 149, 14387 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment. Hygienic and Technical measures Not available Appropriate engineering controls:

Not available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Appearance: liquid Color: grey/beige Odour: Characteristic Melting point / freezing point: Not available Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not available Flammability: Not available Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not available Flash point: Not available Auto-ignition temperature: Not available Decomposition temperature: Not available pH: 9.00 Viscosity: 1,400.00 cPs Kinematic viscosity: Not available Solubility in water: dispersible Solubility in oil: Not available Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available Vapour pressure: Not available Relative density: 1.00 g/cm3 Vapour density: Not available Particle characteristics:

Particle size: Not available

9.2. Other information

Miscibility: Not available Conductivity: Not available No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological information of the mixture:

	a) acute toxicity	Not classified
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1(H317)
	e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
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	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified		
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified		
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified		
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified		
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified		
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1020 mg/kg		

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- a) acute toxicity one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one

LD50 Oral	Rat =	1020	mg/kg

ethylene glycol	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Rat > 2,50000 mg/l 6h LD50 Skin Rat > 3500,00000 mg/kg
formaldehyde	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 700 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0,578 mg/l LD50 Skin Rabbit = 270 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rabbit = 270 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0,578 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 100 mg/kg
reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no 247-500-7] and 2- methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	a) acute toxicity o.	LC50 Inhalation Rat = 2,36000 mg/l 4h

LD50 Skin Rabbit = 660,00000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat = 53,00000 mg/kg free crystalline silica (\emptyset a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat = 500 mg/kg

<10 µ)

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2 benzisothiazolin-3-one	- CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088- 00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 2,15000 mg/L

ethylene glycol	CAS: 107-21-1 - EINECS: 203-473-3 - INDEX: 603-027- 00-1	 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 0,04030 mg/L 72h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Algae = 0,11000 mg/L 72h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Algae = 0,04000 mg/L 72h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 3,27000 mg/L 48h NOEC Daphnia = 1,20000 mg/L 21d a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 100 mg/L 48
		 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae > 100 mg/L 96 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 100 mg/L 96 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish > 100 mg/L - 7 d b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia > 100 mg/L - 7 d b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae > 100 mg/L 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 41000 mg/L 9 IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss 14 mL/L 96h EP a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus = 27540 mg/L 9 EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 40761 mg/L
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas 40000 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Poecilia reticulata = 16000 mg/L 96h IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 46300 mg/L 48 IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 6500 mg/L 96h IUCLID
formaldehyde	CAS: 50-00-0 - EINECS: 200-001-8 - INDEX: 605-001- 00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 41 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 42 mg/L 24
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas 22,6 mg/L 96h E
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus = 1510 $\mu g/L$ 96F EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Brachydanio rerio = 41 mg/L 96h IUCl
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss 0,032 mL/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss 100 mg/L 96h E
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas 23,2 mg/L 96h E
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 2 mg/L 48h IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna 11,3 mg/L 48h EF
Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	CAS: 3811-73-2 - EINECS: 223-296-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia water flea = $0,022 \text{ mg/L } 48h$
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1)		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 0,12 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 0,22 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 0,048 mg/L 72
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 0,0012 mg/L 72
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = $0,098 \text{ mg/L} - 28 \text{ d}$

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7 Other adverse effects

Not available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

A waste code (EWC) according to European List of Waste (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact and send to an authorized waste disposal service.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Hazardous waste: Yes

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not Applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not Applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not Applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not Applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not Applicable

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

Not Applicable

Air (IATA) :

Not Applicable

Sea (IMDG) :

Not Applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

Bitumen based product. When transported at elevated temperature, the product must be considered dangerous for all modes of transport.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878 Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Not available

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 28, 72, 75

SVHC Substances:

No data available

German Water Hazard Class (WGK)

1

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description		
H301	Toxic if swallowed.		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H331	Toxic if inhaled.		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.		
H350	May cause cancer.		
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.		
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description	

3.1/3/Dermal Acute Tox. 3

Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3

3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/3/Oral	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.5/2	Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2
3.6/1B	Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity $-$ repeated exposure, Category 1
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation	Classification procedure
(EC) Nr. 1272/2008	
2 / 2/1	Calculation mothed

3.4.2/1

Calculation method

If appropriate, specific provisions in relation to possible training for workers are mentioned in section 2. Any training related to safety in the workplace must in any case refer to a risk assessment that must be carried out by a company safety officer taking into account the specific operating and environmental conditions in which the products are used.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative. WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

* Sheet model entirely changed in compliance to regulatory update.